

# Managing Seasonal Affective Disorder

Seasonal Affective Disorder (SAD) is a type of depression linked to seasonal changes, typically beginning when fall starts and intensifying during late fall or early winter.

#### What's the difference between SAD and the "winter blues"?

Many people feel a little down during colder months because they are stuck inside, and it gets dark early. These feelings, often called the "winter blues," are temporary. SAD is a clinical form of depression that affects your daily life, including how you feel and think. SAD can last up to five months of the year.

#### What causes SAD?

About 5% of adults in the U.S. experience SAD. It tends to start in young adulthood. SAD may be caused by reduced serotonin and vitamin D levels, altered melatonin levels, decreased sunlight and shorter days.

### What are the symptoms of SAD?

If you have SAD, you may experience mood changes and symptoms of depression, including:

- Persistent sadness
- Extreme fatigue and low energy
- · Social withdrawal

Increased anxiety

- Feelings of hopelessness
- Sleep disturbances

• Food cravings and weight gain

## What are treatment options for SAD?

Treatment should be tailored to you and supervised by a healthcare professional. Options include:

- Spending time outdoors—Getting more sunlight can help improve your symptoms.
- **Light therapy**—Using a light therapy box daily helps regulate circadian rhythms and boost mood.
- Cognitive behavioral therapy—This treatment helps identify and change negative thought patterns.
- Vitamin D—A supplement may help if a deficiency is present.
- **Medication**—Antidepressants may be prescribed for severe cases.



Help is available. Visit your Employee Assistance Program member website, Member.MagellanHealthcare.com (enter Principal Core), or call 1-800-450-1327 (TTY 711).

